HAZARD ASSESSMENT GUIDELINES

FOR

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

29 CFR 1910.132

PREPARED BY

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PPE HAZARD ASSESSMENT SURVEY

Job/Task Evaluated:	
Date(s):	
Conducted By:	
	(Name and Title)

I. Hazards to the Head			
Potential Hazard	Yes	No	Specifications for PPE*
a. Falling equipment or materials			
b. Moving equipment or materials			
c. Low overhead clearance			
d. Electrical shock hazard			
e. Welding			

^{*}for example specify class of hard hat, etc.

II. Hazards to the Eyes and Face			
Potential Hazard	Yes	No	Specifications for PPE*
a. Particulates in air			
b. Hazardous liquids in air or potentially airborne (splashed)			
c. Irritant dusts in air			
d. Ultra violet, Infrared, or Laser radiation			
e. Compressed air/liquid			
f. Electrical arcing			

^{*}for example, safety glasses, splash/impact goggles, optical density of tinted lenses, etc.

III. Hazards to the Hands			
Potential Hazard	Yes	No	Specifications for PPE*
a. Sharp edges			
b. Chemical exposure			
c. Temperature extremes			

^{*}Specify qualities of glove selected, for example neoprene, PVA, etc.

IV. Hazards to Feet			
Potential Hazard	Yes	No	Specifications for PPE*
a. Falling objects/materials			
b. Sharp objects/materials			
c. Rolling objects/materials			
d. Slip/trip hazard			
e. Electrical hazard			

^{*}For example: Steel toed work shoes—leather or rubber, electrically resistant, etc.

- V. Hearing Protection. If processes in the workplace expose workers to excessive noise levels, an industrial hygiene noise survey should be conducted to characterize the exposures. Hearing protection should be selected based on the results of noise monitoring. Implementation of a hearing conservation program (in compliance with 29 CFR 1910.95) is mandatory if workers are exposed to a noise level of 85 dBA, or greater, for an eight hour workshift. As an interim measure, until noise monitoring is completed, you should require employees to wear hearing protection at tasks where they are exposed to excessive noise levels.
- VI. Respiratory Protection. If processes in the workplace expose workers to hazardous air contaminants, an industrial hygiene air sampling survey should be conducted to characterize the exposures and respiratory protection should be selected based on the results of air sampling. If respiratory protection is required, a respiratory protection program (in compliance with 29 CFR 1910.134) is mandatory.

Certification of Personal Protective Equipment Hazard Assessment

COMPANY NAME:	
DEPARTMENT(S) EVALUATED:	
NAME/TITLE:	
DATE:	

Job	Hazards	PPE Required

Certification of Personal Protective Equipment Training					
COMPANY NAME:					
DATE(S) OF TRAINING:					
Employee Name	Subject of Training				